Are Mussels on a Zebra Dangerous?

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Lesson Overview: When it comes to invasive species, what role do the zebra mussels play in the aquatic ecosystem of the Great Lakes? If it is a negative effect, then what can we do to combat the problem? If it is a positive effect, then what can we do to assist in encouraging the positive effects?

Introduction/Teacher Background Knowledge:

I work as a special education teacher for grades 6th-8th all subjects. I just found out last year how fun Science can be! Students actually like Math and Science! In my next career, I would love to be the Math or Science teacher for elementary or middle school.

Target Grade & Subject: 5th-6th grade/Science

Duration: one class period session (50 min)

Instructional Setting: classroom

Advance Preparation:

Preview videos, save video links, picture saved, copy worksheet for video w/ key, staple packets.

Packets to include:

Teacher-created worksheet (to make sure students are comprehending the video/direct instruction) Map of zebra mussel infestation in the United States (to allow students to see that Michigan has a very dense population of the zebra mussel) Zebra Mussel coloring sheet vocabulary terms teacher-generated timeline writing and construction materials teacher-made exit tickets.

Learning Objectives:

By the end of the lesson the students should be able to:

- a) Distinguish what an invasive species is,
- b) Interpret the effects of zebra mussels in our ecosystem,
- c) Communicate findings to an audience by: i) creating a slogan discouraging the growth of zebra mussels, ii) drawing three ways that zebra mussels can be transported; iii) write one way to prevent each, or (differentiated instruction) assemble a timeline explaining the brief history of zebra mussels in the United States.

Performance Expectations Addressed (http://ngss.nsta.org/Professional-Learning.aspx)

WHST.6-8.2-write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes (MS-LS-1-5)

SL.8.5-integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest (MS-LS3-1),(MS-LS3)

- **RI.5.7** Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently. (5-LS2-1), (5-PS3-1)
- **MS-LS2-1-** Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence for the effects of resource availability on organisms and populations of organisms in an ecosystem.

Materials & Quantities Needed: (~25 students) Computer/projector construction paper/fabric scraps writing materials

teacher-generated invasive species zebra mussels worksheet to go with the video: The Spread and Impact of Zebra Mussels https://youtu.be/PhPvAblvpXs

Map of zebra mussels infestation in the United States,

Teacher generated copies of timeline,

Vocabulary terms, coloring sheet, exit tickets

Guiding Question(s): Are Zebra Mussels an invasive species? If so, how does this invasive species impact humans and the aquatic's ecosystem (negatives and positives)? What can we do to assist in getting the message out about the zebra mussel?

5E Model ENGAGE:

Teacher will engage students by having a big picture of a zebra mussel on the overhead projector and ask the students, "Raise your hand if you know what this is, or its name?"

Teacher will pick a handful of students for their answer (answers will vary; Answer: Zebra Mussel). **Teacher will** praise students for answers and give the correct answer if it was not given.

Teacher will then asks, "Where do you think the zebra mussel lives?" (answers will vary; most will say water). If noone says correct answer (praise those that tried) and, if need be,

Teacher then asks, "What body of water do you think the zebra mussel lives in, do you think we can find zebra mussels in our swimming pools?" (answers may vary but, someone should guess the right answer; Answer: lakes/rivers/freshwater).

Teacher asks, "Do you think zebra mussels live in Michigan?" (answers vary/thumbs up yes/thumbs down no; Answer: Yes)

Teacher asks, "Do you think zebra mussels live in Detroit?" (answers very/thumbs up yes/thumbs down no; Answer: Yes)

Teacher responds, "Those of you that said yes, you are correct, Zebra Mussels do live in Detroit. I can say that I went to a professional development at Belle Isle over the summer and scraped zebra mussels right out of the Detroit River!"

Teacher asks, "Do you think zebra mussels are good for the water's ecosystem?"

Teacher will take 2 opposing responses; have student who says no, explain why they think no and the student that says yes, explain why they think yes.

Teacher responds, "Unfortunately the answer is yes and no, but more no than yes." "Let me explain..." **teacher will** then introduce the term **invasive species** and that the **zebra mussel** is considered to be an invasive species. **Teacher then** directs students to turn to vocabulary sheet and tell them that there is some vocabulary

Teacher begins to read vocabulary terms as s/he gets video clip ready to play.

Teacher will then put on the 15m video, The Spread and Impact of Zebra Mussels.

Teacher tells students to hold questions until the end of the video, the video may answer some of your questions (duration: 20-25)

Expected prior knowledge:

Students should have a novice foundation of what an ecosystem is. **Ecosystem**: a biological community of interacting organisms and their physical environment.

EXPLORE:

Teacher will use small group work, video, presentation, illustrations, comprehensive worksheets, student generated questions, maps, community stewardship,

Supporting students during exploration:

they need to be introduced to for the video lesson.

Please see attached Zebra Mussel Comprehension Worksheet. This will be directly guided by teacher while students watch video. **Teacher will** quietly "work the room" to make sure students stay on task and answer the questions that are in the video. The questions are in order of the video.

EXPLAIN:

Students will have the opportunity to create a slogan, pictorial illustrations on promoting knowledge about the zebra mussels and how to minimize their spread, or brief historical timeline of the zebra mussels in United States.

ELABORATE:

Teacher will pick 2 students from each group to speak in front of the classroom about how to prevent the spreading of zebra mussels, the slogan or illustration that they created, and/or the timeline they created (~1min each). Although all students may not get to report out in the same day, to further facilitate sharing, students' works will be posted in or outside of the classroom. To further elaborate, students will have an Exit Ticket: please see attached supported materials for exit tickets

Supporting students during elaboration:

Supported Inquiries will vary and be based on student statement and responses during elaboration. This will also be used as an opportunity for the students' peers and teacher to ask questions that allows for the students to elaborate on their findings.

EVALUATE:

In addition to the teacher guided worksheet and video, students will be divided into 3 groups of 6. Within each group the student will have a partner and will work on the objective according to what group they are in.

The three groups consist of:

Gr1: History- (differentiated instruction) timeline of zebra mussels in the US; students cut out and paste the timeline in order (Info taken from video). (teacher/aide guided)

Gr:2 Prevention/Cure- draw three ways that zebra mussels can be transported and write one way to prevent/slow down each.

Gr3: The Message- create a slogan discouraging the population growth of zebra mussels in Michigan.

Exit Tickets- before students leave, they have to answer and turn in exit ticket on their way out the door. Teacher will stand at door and collect to ensure compliance.

Supporting students during evaluation:

- 1. "Are Zebra Mussels an invasive species, why?"
- 2. "Do Zebra Mussels have a mostly positive or negative effect on the aquatic's ecosystem, how?"
- 3. "How do Zebra Mussels negatively effect humans?"

New Vocabulary

ecosystem- community of interacting organisms and their environment

invasive species- non-native species, that when introduced into the ecosystem, may cause environmental harm and/or harm to humans

ballast water- water carried in ships to improve stability and balance in the water

natural dispersal- when mussel larvae are carried by water currents or when adult mussels detach and move, **assisted dispersal-** when people transport the mussel larvae and adults from one body of water to another **primary settlement-** when the mussels attaches to hard objects

secondary settlement- detaches from hard object and then reattaches to a new hard object, **zebra mussel-** a small, striped freshwater mussel

Safety Considerations:

students will be responsible for adhering to the student code of conduct for safety.

Sources

Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant. 7/26/13. "The Spread and Impact of Zebra Mussels." https://youtu.be/PhPvAblvpXs 12/15/17

US Department of Agriculture. 5/24/16. "What is an Invasive Species." invasivespeciesinfo.gov

Proceedings of The Fourth International Zebra Mussel Conference, Madison, Wisconsin, March 1994 The Introduction and Spread of the Zebra Mussel in North America. Charles R. O'Neill, Jr., New York Sea Grant and Alan Dextrase, Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources.

Keith Waag. Spring 2014. "The Distribution, Density, and Hot Spot Analysis of Zebra Mussels (Dreissena polymorpha) in the US."

 $\frac{https://sites.google.com/site/kwaaggis1/home/the-distribution-density-and-hot-spot-analysis-of-zebra-musselsdreissena-polymorpha-in-the-us}{}$

Supporting Materials: see attached

We would greatly appreciate your feedback using this lesson plan! Please visit https://www.biaquariumstem.org/survey.html to complete a short survey about your experience.

Name	
Date	Period

Zebra Mussel Timeline: A Brief History Directions: cut, match, and paste the date with the correct event.

A freight dumped it's ballast water in Lake St. Clair	First mussel discovered in Lake St. Clair	Zebra Mussel Crossed Into New York State through the Erie Canal	Zebra Mu fested m waters, The Grea
1993	1991	1986	198

Name	
Date	Period

The Spread and Impact of Zebra Mussels: A Comprehensive Look

Directions: Please answer the following questions as you watch this video. This worksheet is worth 100 pts and is due by the end of the period.

Multiple Choice: please choose 1 answer (10 pts)

- 1. The Zebra Mussel invasion of North America most likely began around 1986 when:
- a. a freight dumped its ballast water into Lake St Clair
- b. a Zebra carried them on it's back
- c. someone caught some while fishing and took them home as pets
- 2. Adult Zebra Mussels were first discovered in Lake St Clair in the summer of:
 - a. 1998
 - b. 1978
 - c. 1988

V	cabulary: draw a line to match the vocabulary t	erm with the correct definition (10pts)
3.	Natural Dispersal by water currents or when adult mussels detach	when mussel larvae are carried and move
4.	Assisted Dispersal	when PEOPLE transport the mussel larvae and adults from one body of water to another
5.	Primary Settlement	DETACHES from hard object and then reattaches to a new hard object
6.	Secondary Settlement	when the mussels ATTACHES

Making Connections: after reading the question circle ALL possible causes:

to hard objects

7. How are Zebra Mussels Spread? (circle all that apply) (10pts)

	sneezing	aqua	tic weeds	transferring water	from one body to another
	wet feet	bait buckets		attaching themselves	to hard movable objects
	8. How are	Zebra Musse	els dangero	us to humans? (circle	e all that apply) (10pts)
	toxic decayin	ng flesh in wate	er	re-releases unused	d bacteria into water
	they know k	arate	getting cut	on sharp broken shell	ls
	can beat us i	in arm wrestlin	g	clog waterlines/pipe	S
		se? Read each		eat the wildlife Write T if statement is	true, or write F if
	9. It is expe	ensive to moni	tor and main	tain Zebra Mussels	
	10. Zebra M	ussels help the	e ecosystem	by eating most of the	phytoplankton
	11. Zebra M	ussels can be	effectively m	naintain in their enviror	nment
	12. Zebra M	ussels can atta	ach to other	clams	
	Bonus: (3pts) What body p		ussels use t	o assist them in traveli	ng?
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				xit Tickets	Two or Folos
			An invasive nto th ecosyst	rue or False e species is a non-native s em, may cause environme n and/or harm to humans.	True or False pecies, that when introduced into the ental ecosystem, may cause
invoc	True or Fal			rue or False	True or False
IIIVas	sive species is a	HOH-Halive	All lilvasive S	pecies is a non-native	An invasive species is a non-native

m and/or harm to humans.	harm and/or harm to humans.	harm and/or harm to humans.
True or False	True or False	True or False
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species, that when introduced into the

ecosystem, may cause environmental

species, that when introduced into

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please put name, date, and period on back of ticket

Vocabulary Terms

ecosystem- community of interacting organisms and their environment

ecies, that when introduced into the

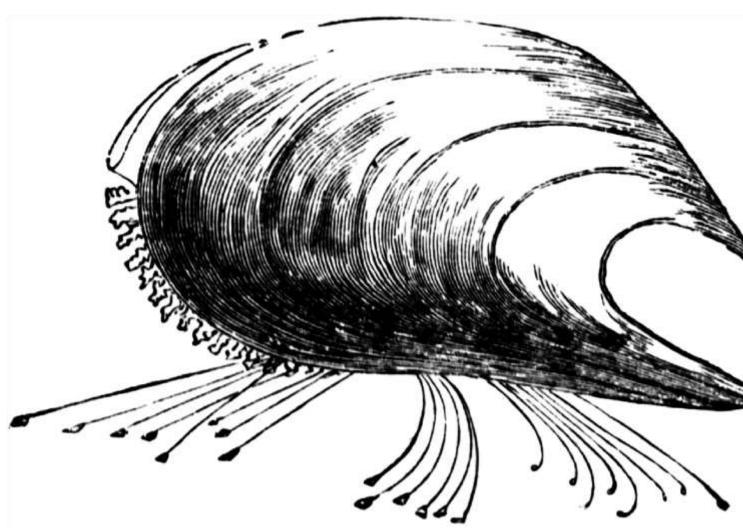
th osystem, may cause environmental

invasive species- non-native species, that when introduced into the ecosystem, may cause environmental harm and/or harm to humans

ballast water- water carried in ships to improve stability and balance in the water

natural dispersal- when mussel larvae are carried by water currents or when adult mussels detach and move

assisted dispersal- when people transport the mussel larvae and adults from one body of water to another



primary settlement-when the mussels attaches to hard objects

secondary settlement- detaches from hard object and then reattaches to a new hard object **zebra mussel-** small freshwater mussel

Zebra Mussel Coloring Sheet

Use the picture to engage students



Name	
Date	Period

Zebra Mussel Timeline: A Brief History Directions: cut, match, and paste the date with the correct event.

A freight dumped it's ballast water in Lake St. Clair	First mussel discovered in Lake St. Clair	Zebra Mussel Crossed Into New York State through the Erie Canal	Zebra Mu fested m waters, The Grea
1986	1988	1991	199
1993	1991	1986	198

The Spread and Impact of Zebra Mussels

Directions: Please answer the following questions as you watch this video.

This worksheet is due by the end of the period.

Multiple Choice: please choose 1 answer

- 1. The Zebra Mussel invasion of North America most likely began around 1986 when: (@ 1:27)
- a. a freighter dumped its ballast water into Lake St Clair
- b. a Zebra carried them on it's back
- c. someone caught some while fishing and took them home as pets
- 2. Adult Zebra Mussels were first discovered in Lake St Clair in the summer of: (@ 1:44)
- a. 1998

Date

b. 1978

	Vocabulary: draw a line to match the vocabulary term with the correct definition
3.	Natural DispersalNDwhen mussel larvae are carried by water currents or when adult mussels detach and move (@2:00)
4.	Assisted DispersalAD_when PEOPLE transport the mussel larvae and adults from one body of water to another (@ 2:08)
5.	Primary SettlementSS_DETACHES from hard object and then reattaches to a new hard object (@ 3:40)
6.	Secondary SettlementPS_when the mussels ATTACHES to hard objects (@3:30)
7	Making Connections: after reading the question circle ALL possible causes: How are Zebra Mussels Spread? (@4:36)
aqu trai boo atta	eezing uatic weeds nsferring water from one dy to another wet feet aching themselves to hard movable objects it buckets
tox rele	How are Zebra Mussels dangerous to humans? (@6:06& @12:30) ic decaying flesh in water re- eases unused bacteria into water ey know karate
get bea	ting cut on sharp broken shells can at us in arm wrestling dlife consumption and then humans eat the wildlife
	ue or False?: read each statement, write T if statement is true, or write F if

c. 1988

9. It is expensive to monitor and maintain Zebra Mussels. (@7:50) T

- 10. Zebra Mussels help the ecosystem by eating most of the phytoplankton. (@ 9:13) F
- 11. Zebra Mussels can be effectively maintain in their environment. (@ 8:40) F
- 12. Zebra Mussels can attach to other clams.(@11:15) T

Bonus:

What body part do adult mussels use to assist them in traveling? (@ 3:55) Foot

Exit Ticket

Answer: true